## Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online
ISSN 1600-5368

# 2,5-Dichloroanilinium chloride monohydrate 

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Received 4 February 2009; accepted 6 February 2009
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=299 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.005 \AA$;
$R$ factor $=0.049 ; w R$ factor $=0.143$; data-to-parameter ratio $=13.4$.

The title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}^{+} \cdot \mathrm{Cl}^{-} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, is composed of discrete cations, choride anions and water molecules, which are connected through $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{Cl}$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonding. Two H atoms of the positively charged $-\mathrm{NH}_{3}{ }^{+}$group have two chloride acceptors and the other one has the O atom of the water molecule as acceptor. The chloride anions form hydrogen bonds with two H atoms from two different water molecules and two H atoms from two positively charged $-\mathrm{NH}_{3}{ }^{+}$groups.

## Related literature

For water-free 2,5-dichloroanilinium chloride see: Gray \& Jones (2002).


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}^{+} \cdot \mathrm{Cl}^{-} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

$$
M_{r}=216.48
$$

Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / n$
$a=7.679$ (1) $\AA$
$Z=4$
$b=6.476$ (1) $\AA$
$\mathrm{Cu} K \alpha$ radiation
$c=19.060$ (5) A
$\mu=8.39 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$\beta=96.95(3)^{\circ}$ 。
$T=299(2) \mathrm{K}$
$V=940.9(3) \AA^{3}$
$0.35 \times 0.30 \times 0.10 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4
diffractometer
Absorption correction: $\psi$ scan (North et al., 1968)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.109, T_{\text {max }}=0.432$
3331 measured reflections

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.049$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.143$
$S=1.10$
1669 reflections
125 parameters

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\mathrm{A},{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{H} 11 \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 3^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.92(4)$ | $2.24(4)$ | $3.123(3)$ | $162(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 12 \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 3$ | $0.94(4)$ | $2.16(4)$ | $3.099(3)$ | $172(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 13 \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | $0.88(4)$ | $1.82(4)$ | $2.699(4)$ | $175(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 A \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 3$ | $0.85(3)$ | $2.37(3)$ | $3.212(3)$ | $172(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 B \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 33^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | $0.83(3)$ | $2.34(3)$ | $3.158(3)$ | $169(4)$ |
| Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+\frac{3}{2}, y-\frac{1}{2},-z+\frac{1}{2} ;$ (ii) $x+1, y, z ;$ (iii) $-x+\frac{1}{2}, y+\frac{1}{2},-z+\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  |  |

Data collection: CAD-4-PC (Enraf-Nonius, 1996); cell refinement: CAD-4-PC; data reduction: REDU4 (Stoe \& Cie, 1987); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: PLATON (Spek, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

BTG thanks the Alexander von Humboldt Foundation, Bonn, Germany, for extensions of his research fellowship.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT2865).

## References

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## supplementary materials

## 2,5-Dichloroanilinium chloride monohydrate

B. T. Gowda, S. Foro, B. S. Saraswathi, H. Terao and H. Fuess

## Comment

The crystal structure of water free 2,5-dichloroanilinium chloride has been reported (Gray \& Jones, 2002). We report herein the crystal structure of 2,5-dichloroanilinium chloride monohydrate. The title compound showed interesting H-bonding in its crystal structure (Fig. 1). Two H -atoms of the positively charged $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ group have two chloride acceptors and the other H has O atom acceptor of the water molecule, while chloride anions are linked by four-center hydrogen bonds, with each chloride forming H -bonding with two H -atoms, one each from two different water molecules and two H -atoms, one each from two positively charged $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ groups. This is in comparison with the usual set of hydrogen bonds from $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ to chloride leading to layer structure observed with water free 2,5-dichloroanilinium chloride (Gray \& Jones, 2002), with a short $\mathrm{Cl1} . . \mathrm{Cl} 3$ contact. Further, the water free structure involved four weak interactions, namely the three hydrogen bonds $\mathrm{H} 4 \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 3, \mathrm{H} 6 \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 2$ and $\mathrm{H} 3 \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 1$ and the chlorine-chlorine interaction $\mathrm{Cl} 2 \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 3$. The crystal packing of (I) through $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{Cl}$, $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{Cl}$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonding (Table 1) is shown in Fig. 2

## Experimental

The solution of pure 2,5-dichloroaniline ( 0.02 mole ) in ethanol ( 20 cc ) was treated dropwise with dilute hydrochloric acid ( $>0.025$ mole) with constant stirring. The resulting mixture was slowly evaporated at room temperature to obtain 2,5 -dichloroanilinium hydrochloride monohydrate. The resultant solid was recrystallized to constant melting point from ethanol. The single crystals used in X-ray diffraction studies were grown in ethanolic solution by slow evaporation at room temperature.

## Refinement

H atoms were located in a difference map, and their positional parameters were refined freely except for the water H atoms which were refined with the $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}$ distances restrained to 0.85 (4) $\AA$ and $\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{H}$ distance restrained to 1.37 (4) $\AA$. All H atoms were refined with isotropic displacement parameters set to 1.2 times of the $U_{\text {eq }}$ of the parent atom.

## Figures



Fig. 1. Molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom labeling scheme. The displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the $50 \%$ probability level. The H atoms are represented as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

## supplementary materials



Fig. 2. Molecular packing of the title compound with hydrogen bonding shown as dashed lines.

## 2,5-Dichloroanilinium chloride monohydrate

## Crystal data

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{~N}^{+} \cdot \mathrm{Cl}^{-} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\
& M_{r}=216.48 \\
& \text { Monoclinic, } P 2_{1} / n \\
& \text { Hall symbol: }-\mathrm{P} 2 \mathrm{yn} \\
& a=7.679(1) \AA \\
& b=6.476(1) \AA \\
& c=19.060(5) \AA \\
& \beta=96.95(3)^{\circ} \\
& V=940.9(3) \AA^{3} \\
& Z=4
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& F_{000}=440 \\
& D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.528 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3} \\
& \mathrm{Cu} \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{\alpha} \mathrm{radiation} \\
& \lambda=1.54180 \AA \\
& \text { Cell parameters from } 25 \text { reflections } \\
& \theta=6.0-20.3^{\circ} \\
& \mu=8.39 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1} \\
& T=299 \mathrm{~K} \\
& \text { Plate, colourless } \\
& 0.35 \times 0.30 \times 0.10 \mathrm{~mm}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Monochromator: graphite
$T=299 \mathrm{~K}$
$\omega / 2 \theta$ scans
Absorption correction: $\psi$ scan
(North et al., 1968)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.109, T_{\text {max }}=0.432$
3331 measured reflections
1669 independent reflections
1421 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.049$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.143$
$S=1.10$
1669 reflections
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map
Only H-atom coordinates refined
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}\right)+(0.0831 P)^{2}+0.169 P\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }=0.012$
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.39 \mathrm{e}^{\AA^{-3}}$

125 parameters
3 restraints
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.49$ e $\AA^{-3}$
Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008),
$\mathrm{Fc}^{*}=\mathrm{kFc}\left[1+0.001 \mathrm{xFc}^{2} \lambda^{3} / \sin (2 \theta)\right]^{-1 / 4}$
Extinction coefficient: 0.0126 (16)

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two 1.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving 1.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$ factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $\left(A^{2}\right)$

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }}{ }^{*} / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C11 | $0.64647(11)$ | $-0.35617(13)$ | $0.11963(6)$ | $0.0720(4)$ |
| C12 | $0.84843(12)$ | $0.33419(16)$ | $-0.08256(4)$ | $0.0716(4)$ |
| N1 | $0.8342(3)$ | $0.0359(4)$ | $0.16645(11)$ | $0.0476(6)$ |
| H11 | $0.872(4)$ | $-0.079(6)$ | $0.1920(19)$ | $0.057^{*}$ |
| H12 | $0.736(5)$ | $0.083(5)$ | $0.1868(18)$ | $0.057^{*}$ |
| H13 | $0.917(5)$ | $0.128(6)$ | $0.179(2)$ | $0.057^{*}$ |
| C1 | $0.7922(3)$ | $0.0096(5)$ | $0.09016(13)$ | $0.0441(6)$ |
| C2 | $0.7056(4)$ | $-0.1657(5)$ | $0.06338(18)$ | $0.0529(7)$ |
| C3 | $0.6664(4)$ | $-0.1873(6)$ | $-0.0093(2)$ | $0.0635(9)$ |
| H3 | $0.604(5)$ | $-0.303(7)$ | $-0.024(2)$ | $0.076^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.7107(4)$ | $-0.0333(6)$ | $-0.05366(16)$ | $0.0626(9)$ |
| H4 | $0.681(5)$ | $-0.046(6)$ | $-0.100(2)$ | $0.075^{*}$ |
| C5 | $0.7943(4)$ | $0.1398(5)$ | $-0.02646(15)$ | $0.0534(7)$ |
| C6 | $0.8371(4)$ | $0.1651(5)$ | $0.04598(15)$ | $0.0474(6)$ |
| H6 | $0.905(4)$ | $0.288(5)$ | $0.065(2)$ | $0.057^{*}$ |
| O1 | $0.0902(3)$ | $0.3197(4)$ | $0.19565(15)$ | $0.0697(7)$ |
| H1A | $0.200(4)$ | $0.301(6)$ | $0.206(3)$ | $0.084^{*}$ |
| H1B | $0.067(5)$ | $0.413(6)$ | $0.223(2)$ | $0.084^{*}$ |
| C13 | $0.50259(9)$ | $0.21839(12)$ | $0.22100(4)$ | $0.0565(3)$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(A^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C11 | $0.0655(6)$ | $0.0603(5)$ | $0.0883(6)$ | $-0.0101(3)$ | $0.0009(5)$ | $0.0022(4)$ |
| C12 | $0.0671(6)$ | $0.0981(7)$ | $0.0499(4)$ | $0.0101(4)$ | $0.0085(4)$ | $0.0145(4)$ |
| N1 | $0.0485(13)$ | $0.0551(13)$ | $0.0379(10)$ | $0.0017(11)$ | $-0.0002(9)$ | $-0.0007(10)$ |
| C1 | $0.0377(13)$ | $0.0528(14)$ | $0.0402(11)$ | $0.0065(11)$ | $-0.0015(10)$ | $-0.0062(11)$ |


| C2 | $0.0400(13)$ | $0.0555(16)$ | $0.0615(17)$ | $0.0031(12)$ | $-0.0004(13)$ | $-0.0084(13)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C3 | $0.0500(17)$ | $0.0694(19)$ | $0.0677(19)$ | $0.0019(15)$ | $-0.0065(15)$ | $-0.0270(17)$ |
| C4 | $0.0522(16)$ | $0.086(2)$ | $0.0470(14)$ | $0.0111(16)$ | $-0.0034(13)$ | $-0.0205(15)$ |
| C5 | $0.0436(14)$ | $0.076(2)$ | $0.0405(13)$ | $0.0130(13)$ | $0.0032(12)$ | $-0.0027(13)$ |
| C6 | $0.0415(13)$ | $0.0578(15)$ | $0.0419(13)$ | $0.0044(12)$ | $0.0009(11)$ | $-0.0054(12)$ |
| O1 | $0.0571(14)$ | $0.0722(16)$ | $0.0776(15)$ | $-0.0017(11)$ | $-0.0004(12)$ | $-0.0175(12)$ |
| C13 | $0.0529(5)$ | $0.0671(5)$ | $0.0484(4)$ | $-0.0018(3)$ | $0.0015(3)$ | $-0.0101(3)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $\mathrm{C} 11-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $1.731(3)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 12-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $1.735(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $1.461(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 11$ | $0.92(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 12$ | $0.94(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 13$ | $0.88(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $1.382(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $1.383(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $1.388(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 11$ | $117(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 12$ | $111(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{H} 11-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 12$ | $105(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 13$ | $114(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{H} 11-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 13$ | $104(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{H} 12-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 13$ | $105(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $121.2(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $120.1(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $118.7(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $119.2(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{Cl} 11$ | $120.5(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 11$ | $120.3(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $120.0(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $1.3(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $179.8(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{Cl} 11$ | $-178.6(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{Cl} 1$ | $-0.2(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $-1.3(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 11-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $178.7(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $0.5(5)$ |


| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $1.377(6)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | $0.92(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $1.362(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4$ | $0.88(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $1.390(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6$ | $1.00(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | $0.85(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~B}$ | $0.83(3)$ |
|  |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | $124(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | $116(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $120.1(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4$ | $121(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4$ | $119(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $121.3(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{Cl} 2$ | $120.0(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $118.8(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $118.2(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6$ | $121(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6$ | $121(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~B}$ | $104(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6$ |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{Cl} 2$ | $0.2(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $-179.5(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $-0.6(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $-179.1(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $-0.2(4)$ |

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )
$D — H \cdots A$
$\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 11 \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 3^{\mathrm{i}}$
$D-\mathrm{H}$
0.92 (4)
0.94 (4)
0.88 (4)
0.85 (3)
0.83 (3)
$\mathrm{H} \cdots A$
$2.24(4)$
$2.16(4)$
$1.82(4)$
$2.37(3)$
$2.34(3)$

| $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $3.123(3)$ | $162(3)$ |
| $3.099(3)$ | $172(3)$ |
| $2.699(4)$ | $175(4)$ |
| $3.212(3)$ | $172(4)$ |
| $3.158(3)$ | $169(4)$ |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+3 / 2, y-1 / 2,-z+1 / 2$; (ii) $x+1, y, z$; (iii) $-x+1 / 2, y+1 / 2,-z+1 / 2$.

Fig. 1

supplementary materials

Fig. 2


